

### 3.6 NEWTON'S METHOD

**EXAMPLE A** Find all roots of the equation  $x^4 - 5x^3 + 4x^2 - x + 13 = 0$  correct to eight decimal places.

**SOLUTION** Figure 1 shows a graph of  $f(x) = x^4 - 5x^3 + 4x^2 - x + 13$  and we see that the roots are near 2.2 and 3.8. The formula for Newton's Method is

$$x_{n+1} = x_n - \frac{x_n^4 - 5x_n^3 + 4x_n^2 - x_n + 13}{4x_n^3 - 15x_n^2 + 8x_n - 1}$$

Using Newton's Method with the initial approximations from the graph, we get

$$x_1 = 2.2$$

$$x_1 = 3.8$$

$$x_2 \approx 2.22577566$$

$$x_2 \approx 3.76551041$$

$$x_3 \approx 2.22578253$$

$$x_3 \approx 3.76419061$$

$$x_4 \approx 2.22578253$$

$$x_4 \approx 3.76418872$$

$$x_5 \approx 3.76418872$$

The roots of the given equation, correct to eight decimal places, are 2.22578253 and 3.76418872. ■

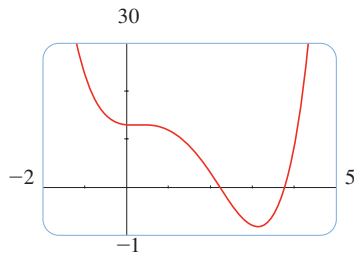


FIGURE 1