

37. $f(x) = \cos \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\cos x}$

2.5 ANSWERS

E Click here for exercises.

1. $10(x^2 + 4x + 6)^4(x + 2)$
2. $3 \sec^2 3x$
3. $-\sin(\tan x) \sec^2 x$
4. $\frac{x^2}{(1 + x^3)^{2/3}}$
5. $F'(x) = 4(x^3 - 5x)^3(3x^2 - 5)$
6. $f'(t) = -16(2t^2 - 6t + 1)^{-9}(2t - 3)$
7. $g'(x) = \frac{2x - 7}{2\sqrt{x^2 - 7x}}$
8. $f'(t) = \frac{8(1 - t)}{(t^2 - 2t - 5)^5}$
9. $h'(t) = \frac{3}{2}(t - 1/t)^{1/2}(1 + 1/t^2)$
10. $y' = -\frac{1}{x^2} \cos \frac{1}{x}$
11. $G'(x) = 6(3x - 2)^9(5x^2 - x + 1)^{11}(85x^2 - 51x + 9)$
12. $g'(t) = 12t(6t^2 + 5)^2(t^3 - 7)^3(9t^3 + 5t - 21)$
13. $F'(y) = \frac{39(y - 6)^2}{(y + 7)^4}$
14. $s'(t) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{t^3 + 1}{t^3 + 1} \right)^{-3/4} \frac{-3t^2}{(t^3 - 1)^2}$
15. $f'(z) = -\frac{2}{5}(2z - 1)^{-6/5}$
16. $f'(x) = \frac{14 - 3x}{2(7 - 3x)^{3/2}}$
17. $y' = \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{1 + 2 \tan x}}$
18. $y' = 3 \sin x \cos x (\sin x - \cos x)$
19. $y' = -k \sin kx \sin(2 \cos kx)$
20. $y' = \sqrt{2}x(\sin \sqrt{x^2 + 1})^{\sqrt{2}-1} \frac{\cos \sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$
21. $y' = 0$
22. $f'(x) = 9[x^3 + (2x - 1)^3]^2(9x^2 - 8x + 2)$
23. $g'(t) = [(1 - 3t)^4 + t^4]^{-3/4} [t^3 - 3(1 - 3t^3)]$
24. $y' = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}(1 + \sqrt{x})^2} \sin\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}\right)$
25. $y' = \frac{(x^2 - 1) \sec^2\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \tan\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)}}$

S Click here for solutions.

26. $p'(t) = -2[(1 + 2/t)^{-1} + 3t]^{-3}[2(t + 2)^{-2} + 3]$
27. $N'(y) = 8(y + \sqrt[3]{y + \sqrt{2y - 9}})^7 \left[1 + \frac{1}{3}(y + \sqrt{2y - 9})^{-2/3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2y - 9}} \right) \right]$
28. $y = -\frac{3}{16}x + \frac{11}{4}$
29. $y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x + 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}\pi}{12}$
30. $y = 0$
31. $y = \sqrt{2}$
32. $y = 39x - 80$
33. $4x + y = \pi + 1$
34. $f'(x) = 2x \sec^2 3x (1 + 3x \tan 3x)$,
 $\{x \mid x \neq (2n - 2)\frac{\pi}{6}, n \text{ an integer}\}$ (both f and f')
35. $f'(x) = \frac{\cos \sqrt{2x + 1}}{\sqrt{2x + 1}}$,
 $\text{dom}(f) = [-\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$, $\text{dom}(f') = (-\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$
36. $f'(x) = -\frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\cos \sqrt{x}}}$,
 $\text{dom}(f) = \{x \mid 0 \leq x \leq \pi^2/4 \text{ or } [(4n - 1)\pi/2]^2 \leq x \leq [(4n + 1)\pi/2]^2 \text{ for some } n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}\}$,
 $\text{dom}(f') = \{x \mid 0 < x < \pi^2/4 \text{ or } [(4n - 1)\pi/2]^2 < x < [(4n + 1)\pi/2]^2 \text{ for some } n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}\}$
37. $f'(x) = -\frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sin x}{2\sqrt{\cos x}}$,
 $\text{dom}(f) = \{x \mid 0 \leq x \leq \pi/2 \text{ or } (4n - 1)\pi/2 \leq x \leq (4n + 1)\pi/2 \text{ for some } n = 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$,
 $\text{dom}(f') = \{x \mid 0 < x < \pi/2 \text{ or } (4n - 1)\pi/2 < x < (4n + 1)\pi/2 \text{ for some } n = 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$

2.5 SOLUTIONS



1. Let $u = g(x) = x^2 + 4x + 6$ and $y = f(u) = u^5$.

Then

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{dy}{du} \frac{du}{dx} = (5u^4)(2x+4) \\ &= 5(x^2 + 4x + 6)^4(2x+4) \\ &= 10(x^2 + 4x + 6)^4(x+2)\end{aligned}$$

2. Let $u = g(x) = 3x$ and $y = f(u) = \tan u$. Then

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \frac{du}{dx} = (\sec^2 u)(3) = 3\sec^2 3x.$$

3. Let $u = g(x) = \tan x$ and $y = f(u) = \cos u$. Then

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \frac{du}{dx} = (-\sin u)(\sec^2 x) = -\sin(\tan x)\sec^2 x.$$

4. Let $u = g(x) = 1 + x^3$ and $y = f(u) = u^{1/3}$. Then

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{dy}{du} \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{3}u^{-2/3}(3x^2) \\ &= (1 + x^3)^{-2/3}x^2 = \frac{x^2}{(1 + x^3)^{2/3}}\end{aligned}$$

5. $F(x) = (x^3 - 5x)^4 \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}F'(x) &= 4(x^3 - 5x)^3 \frac{d}{dx}(x^3 - 5x) \\ &= 4(x^3 - 5x)^3(3x^2 - 5)\end{aligned}$$

6. $f(t) = (2t^2 - 6t + 1)^{-8} \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}f'(t) &= -8(2t^2 - 6t + 1)^{-9}(4t - 6) \\ &= -16(2t^2 - 6t + 1)^{-9}(2t - 3)\end{aligned}$$

7. $g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 7x} = (x^2 - 7x)^{1/2} \Rightarrow$

$$g'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 7x)^{-1/2}(2x - 7) = \frac{2x - 7}{2\sqrt{x^2 - 7x}}$$

8. $f(t) = \frac{1}{(t^2 - 2t - 5)^4} = (t^2 - 2t - 5)^{-4} \Rightarrow$

$$f'(t) = -4(t^2 - 2t - 5)^{-5}(2t - 2) = \frac{8(1 - t)}{(t^2 - 2t - 5)^5}$$

9. $h(t) = (t - 1/t)^{3/2} \Rightarrow$

$$h'(t) = \frac{3}{2}(t - 1/t)^{1/2}(1 + 1/t^2)$$

10. $y = \sin \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow y' = \cos \frac{1}{x} \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right) = -\frac{1}{x^2} \cos \frac{1}{x}$

11. $G(x) = (3x - 2)^{10}(5x^2 - x + 1)^{12} \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}G'(x) &= (3x - 2)^{10}(12)(5x^2 - x + 1)^{11}(10x - 1) \\ &\quad + 10(3x - 2)^9(3)(5x^2 - x + 1)^{12} \\ &= 6(3x - 2)^9(5x^2 - x + 1)^{11} \\ &\quad [2(3x - 2)(10x - 1) + 5(5x^2 - x + 1)] \\ &= 6(3x - 2)^9(5x^2 - x + 1)^{11}(85x^2 - 51x + 9)\end{aligned}$$

12. $g(t) = (6t^2 + 5)^3(t^3 - 7)^4 \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}g'(t) &= (6t^2 + 5)^3(4)(t^3 - 7)^3(3t^2) \\ &\quad + 3(6t^2 + 5)^2(12t)(t^3 - 7)^4 \\ &= 12t(6t^2 + 5)^2(t^3 - 7)^3[t(6t^2 + 5) + 3(t^3 - 7)] \\ &= 12t(6t^2 + 5)^2(t^3 - 7)^3(9t^3 + 5t - 21)\end{aligned}$$

13. $F(y) = \left(\frac{y-6}{y+7}\right)^3 \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}F'(y) &= 3\left(\frac{y-6}{y+7}\right)^2 \frac{(y+7)(1) - (y-6)(1)}{(y+7)^2} \\ &= 3\left(\frac{y-6}{y+7}\right)^2 \frac{13}{(y+7)^2} = \frac{39(y-6)^2}{(y+7)^4}\end{aligned}$$

14. $s(t) = \left(\frac{t^3+1}{t^3-1}\right)^{1/4} \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}s'(t) &= \frac{1}{4}\left(\frac{t^3+1}{t^3-1}\right)^{-3/4} \frac{3t^2(t^3-1) - (t^3+1)(3t^2)}{(t^3-1)^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{t^3+1}{t^3-1}\right)^{-3/4} \frac{-3t^2}{(t^3-1)^2}\end{aligned}$$

15. $f(z) = (2z - 1)^{-1/5} \Rightarrow$

$$f'(z) = -\frac{1}{5}(2z - 1)^{-6/5}(2) = -\frac{2}{5}(2z - 1)^{-6/5}$$

16. $f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{7-3x}} \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{aligned}f'(x) &= \frac{\sqrt{7-3x} - x(\frac{1}{2})(7-3x)^{-1/2}(-3)}{7-3x} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{7-3x}} + \frac{3x}{2(7-3x)^{3/2}} \text{ or } \frac{14-3x}{2(7-3x)^{3/2}}\end{aligned}$$

17. $y = \sqrt{1+2\tan x} \Rightarrow$

$$y' = \frac{1}{2}(1+2\tan x)^{-1/2} 2\sec^2 x = \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{1+2\tan x}}$$

$$18. y = \sin^3 x + \cos^3 x \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 3 \sin^2 x \cos x + 3 \cos^2 x (-\sin x) \\ &= 3 \sin x \cos x (\sin x - \cos x) \end{aligned}$$

$$19. y = \sin^2(\cos kx) \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 2 \sin(\cos kx) \cos(\cos kx) (-\sin kx)(k) \\ &= -k \sin kx \sin(2 \cos kx) \end{aligned}$$

$$20. y = (\sin \sqrt{x^2 + 1})^{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \sqrt{2} (\sin \sqrt{x^2 + 1})^{\sqrt{2}-1} (\cos \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) \\ &\quad \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (x^2 + 1)^{-1/2} (2x) \\ &= \sqrt{2} x (\sin \sqrt{x^2 + 1})^{\sqrt{2}-1} \frac{\cos \sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \end{aligned}$$

$$21. y = \cos^2(\cos x) + \sin^2(\cos x) = 1 \Rightarrow y' = 0$$

$$22. f(x) = [x^3 + (2x - 1)^3]^3 \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 3 [x^3 + (2x - 1)^3]^2 [3x^2 + 3(2x - 1)^2(2)] \\ &= 9 [x^3 + (2x - 1)^3]^2 [9x^2 - 8x + 2] \end{aligned}$$

$$23. g(t) = \sqrt[4]{(1 - 3t)^4 + t^4} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} g'(t) &= \frac{1}{4} [(1 - 3t)^4 + t^4]^{-3/4} [4(1 - 3t)^3(-3) + 4t^3] \\ &= [(1 - 3t)^4 + t^4]^{-3/4} [t^3 - 3(1 - 3t^3)] \end{aligned}$$

$$24. y = \cos^2\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}\right) \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= 2 \cos\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}\right) (-1) \sin\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}\right) \\ &\quad \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})\left(-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right) - (1 - \sqrt{x})\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2} \\ &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}(1 + \sqrt{x})^2} \sin\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}\right) \cos\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$25. y = \sqrt{1 + \tan\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1 + \tan\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)}} \left[\sec^2\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)\right] \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{(x^2 - 1) \sec^2\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \tan\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)}} \end{aligned}$$

$$26. p(t) = \left[\left(1 + \frac{2}{t}\right)^{-1} + 3t\right]^{-2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} p'(t) &= -2 \left[\left(1 + \frac{2}{t}\right)^{-1} + 3t\right]^{-3} \left[-\left(1 + \frac{2}{t}\right)^{-2} \left(-\frac{2}{t^2}\right) + 3\right] \\ &= -2 \left[\left(1 + \frac{2}{t}\right)^{-1} + 3t\right]^{-3} [2(t + 2)^{-2} + 3] \end{aligned}$$

$$27. N(y) = \left(y + \sqrt[3]{y + \sqrt{2y - 9}}\right)^8 =$$

$$\left\{y + \left[y + (2y - 9)^{1/2}\right]^{1/3}\right\}^8 \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} N'(y) &= 8 \left(y + \sqrt[3]{y + \sqrt{2y - 9}}\right)^7 \\ &\quad \left[1 + \frac{1}{3} \left(y + \sqrt{2y - 9}\right)^{-2/3} \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} (2y - 9)^{-1/2} (2)\right]\right] \\ &= 8 \left(y + \sqrt[3]{y + \sqrt{2y - 9}}\right)^7 \\ &\quad \left[1 + \frac{1}{3} \left(y + \sqrt{2y - 9}\right)^{-2/3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2y - 9}}\right)\right] \end{aligned}$$

$$28. y = f(x) = \frac{8}{\sqrt{4 + 3x}} = 8(4 + 3x)^{-1/2} \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = 8 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) (4 + 3x)^{-3/2} (3) = -12(4 + 3x)^{-3/2}.$$

The slope of the tangent at (4, 2) is $f'(4) = -\frac{12}{64} = -\frac{3}{16}$ and its equation is $y - 2 = -\frac{3}{16}(x - 4)$ or $y = -\frac{3}{16}x + \frac{11}{4}$.

$$29. y = f(x) = \sin x + \cos 2x \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = \cos x - 2 \sin 2x. \text{ The slope of the tangent at } \left(\frac{\pi}{6}, 1\right)$$

$$\text{is } f'\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - 2\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ and its equation is}$$

$$y - 1 = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) \text{ or } \sqrt{3}x + 2y = 2 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}\pi.$$

$$30. y = f(x) = (x^3 - x^2 + x - 1)^{10} \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = 10(x^3 - x^2 + x - 1)^9 (3x^2 - 2x + 1). \text{ The}$$

slope of the tangent at (1, 0) is $f'(1) = 0$ and its equation is

$$y - 0 = 0(x - 1) \text{ or } y = 0.$$

$$31. y = f(x) = \sqrt{x + 1/x} \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{-1/2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right). \text{ The slope of the}$$

tangent at $(1, \sqrt{2})$ is $f'(1) = 0$ and its equation is

$$y - \sqrt{2} = 0(x - 1) \text{ or } y = \sqrt{2}.$$

$$32. y = f(x) = \frac{x}{(3-x^2)^5} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{(3-x^2)^5(1) - x(5)(3-x^2)^4(-2x)}{(3-x^2)^{10}} \\ &= \frac{9x^2 + 3}{(3-x^2)^6} \end{aligned}$$

The slope of the tangent at $(2, -2)$ is $f'(2) = 39$ and its equation is $y + 2 = 39(x - 2)$ or $y = 39x - 80$.

$$33. y = f(x) = \cot^2 x \Rightarrow$$

$y' = 2 \cot x (-\csc^2 x) = -2 \cot x \csc^2 x$. The slope of the tangent at $(\frac{\pi}{4}, 1)$ is $f'(\frac{\pi}{4}) = -2(1)(\sqrt{2})^2 = -4$ and its equation is $y - 1 = -4(x - \frac{\pi}{4})$ or $4x + y = \pi + 1$.

$$34. f(x) = x^2 \sec^2 3x \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 2x \sec^2 3x + x^2 (2 \sec 3x)(\sec 3x \tan 3x)(3) \\ &= 2x \sec^2 3x (1 + 3x \tan 3x) \end{aligned}$$

Domain of f = domain of $f' = \{x \mid \cos 3x \neq 0\}$
 $= \{x \mid x \neq (2n-1)\frac{\pi}{6}, n \text{ an integer}\}$

$$35. f(x) = \sin \sqrt{2x+1} \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = \cos \sqrt{2x+1} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2x+1}} \right) (2) = \frac{\cos \sqrt{2x+1}}{\sqrt{2x+1}}.$$

$\text{Dom}(f) = \{x \mid 2x+1 \geq 0\} = [-\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$.

$\text{Dom}(f') = \{x \mid 2x+1 > 0\} = (-\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$.

$$36. f(x) = \sqrt{\cos \sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{1}{2} (\cos \sqrt{x})^{-1/2} (-\sin \sqrt{x}) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) x^{-1/2} \\ &= -\frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\cos \sqrt{x}}} \end{aligned}$$

Domain of $f = \{x \mid x \geq 0 \text{ and } \cos \sqrt{x} \geq 0\}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left\{ x \mid 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi^2}{4} \text{ or } [(4n-1)\frac{\pi}{2}]^2 \leq x \right. \\ &\quad \left. \leq [(4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}]^2 \text{ for some } n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

Domain of $f' = \{x \mid x > 0 \text{ and } \cos \sqrt{x} > 0\}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left\{ x \mid 0 < x < \frac{\pi^2}{4} \text{ or } [(4n-1)\frac{\pi}{2}]^2 < x \right. \\ &\quad \left. < [(4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}]^2 \text{ for some } n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$37. \cos \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{\cos x} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= -\sin \sqrt{x} \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2} + \frac{1}{2} (\cos x)^{-1/2} (-\sin x) \\ &= -\frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sin x}{2\sqrt{\cos x}} \end{aligned}$$

Domain of $f = \{x \mid x \geq 0 \text{ and } \cos x \geq 0\}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left\{ x \mid 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } (4n-1)\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \right. \\ &\quad \left. \leq (4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ for some } n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

Domain of $f' = \{x \mid x > 0 \text{ and } \cos x > 0\}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left\{ x \mid 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ or } (4n-1)\frac{\pi}{2} < x \right. \\ &\quad \left. < (4n+1)\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ for some } n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\} \right\} \end{aligned}$$